

# Micro Laser Sintering

**3D** micro  
**PRINT**



3D MicroPrint GmbH manufactures high-precision micro metal parts using Micro Laser Sintering technology. We offer a comprehensive service from product design and prototype development through to series production.

## Why 3D MicroPrint GmbH?

- Micro Laser Sintering combines the advantages of additive manufacturing with those of micro machining
- Complex geometries with high resolution, high dimensional accuracy and low surface roughness
- Moving parts without further assembly - with our "print-as-one" solution
- Micro metal parts with entire value chain from engineering to post-processing
- DIN EN ISO 9001 certified and processing to DIN EN ISO 13485

## Technical Key Figures

- Building platform:
  - 60 x 60 x 40 mm (LxWxH)
  - 120 x 120 x 100 mm (LxWxH)
- Layer thickness: 1 - 30 µm
- Laser spot size: < 30 µm
- Accuracy: 5 µm
- Minimum wall thickness: 30 µm
- Roughness: Ra: 1 µm Rz: 5 µm
- Part density: > 99.5 %



## Materials

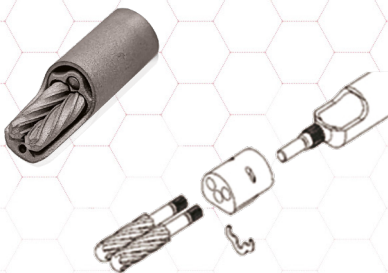
- Stainless steel:
  - 316L (1.4404)
  - 17-4PH (1.4542)
- Titanium:
  - Ti6Al4V (3.7164)
  - Ti (3.7035)
- Copper:
  - CuCr1Zr (2.1293)
  - Cu-OF (2.0040)
- Inconel® 718

*Other materials within the scope of a development process*

## Print-as-One Solution

### Arthroscopic shaver

- 1 part instead of 6 - no assembly
- Robust design with improved function
- Integrated channels for flushing, suction and lighting
- High dimensional accuracy - minimal wear and tear
- Cost-efficient and quickly available
- Diameter: 6 mm



### Forceps/Gripper

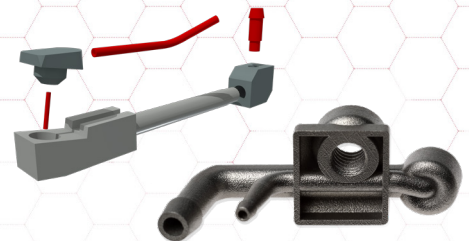
- 1 part instead of 5 - no assembly
- Integrated light channel - functional and space-saving

diameter	length
3.0 mm	30 mm
1.7 mm	20 mm
1.2 mm	10 mm
0.8 mm	6 mm



### Spot-jet nozzle

- 1 part instead of 7 - no assembly
- Self-aligning function and integrated M3 thread
- Made from a single print in stainless steel - no corrosion
- 60 % cost savings of production
- Ready to deliver in 2 days instead of 6 weeks
- Less reworking, less testing required





### 3D MicroPrint metal benchmark part to show various feature capabilities und technical specifications:

• printing time/part	> 30 min	• material	Stainless Steel 1.4404
• component density	> 99.5 %	• material consumption/part	2 g
• layer thickness	9 $\mu$ m	• surface	Ra 2 - 3 $\mu$ m
• number of layers	~ 610	• total size of the part	19.1 x 8.0 x 5.5 mm (LxWxH)

#### 1. wall thicknesses

The thickness of the 7 walls vary from 0.15 mm to 1.20 mm. To further reduce print volume, the biggest wall feature is hollowed with reinforcement elements - offers stability, print volume reduction for lightweight purposes or fluid applications.

#### 2. vertical holes

The holes have a diameter of 0.10 mm, 0.15 mm, 0.20 mm, 0.30 mm, 0.40 mm, 0.60 mm, 0.80 mm and 1.20 mm.

#### 3. gap

The smallest functional gaps can be created to enable the clearance fit of moving geometries. These gaps can be as small as 15  $\mu$ m.

#### 4. function integration

The moveable and rotatable pin joint, for example, can be printed as one component.

#### 5. horizontal holes

The shape is like a Gothic arch or a drop, and the hexagonal shape has a self-supporting function. This is a great advantage, especially for channels. The smallest internal channels have a diameter of between 0.15 and 0.5 mm.

#### 6. pins

The seven pin diameters vary from 0.15 mm to 1.2 mm. To further reduce print volume, the biggest pin feature is hollowed with reinforcement elements - offers stability, print volume reduction for lightweight purposes or fluid applications.

#### 7. half sphere - Stair effect

Due to our high resolution, we have a very low stair effect. Basically, the lower the layer thickness, the less the stair effect. The radius of the half sphere are 0.08 - 0.6 mm.

#### 8. overhangs

The component has overhangs at angles of 80° and 40°. Depending on the material, support-free construction of overhangs at angles down to 30° is possible.

#### 9. inner structure

One of the greatest benefits of 3D printing is the ability to produce complex internal structures with additional functions.

#### 10. surface as printed

The as printed, unblasted surface has a surface roughness of 2 - 3  $\mu$ m.

